

Find the number!

Given an unsorted array of n elements. find if the element is present in the array or not
Complete the find Number function in the editor below. It has 2 parameters

1. An array of integers, arr denoting the elements in the array
2. An integer, K, denoting the element to be searched in the array

The function must return a string "YES" or "NO" denoting if the element is present in the array or not.

Input Format :

The first line contains an integer n. denoting the number of elements in the array arr. Each line of the n subsequent lines where arr[i] contains an integer describing arr. The next line contains an integer k - the element that needs to be searched.

Constraints :

- $1 \leq n \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq arr[i] \leq 10^9$

Output Format :

The function must return a string "YES" or "NO" denoting if the element is present in the array or not. This is printed to stdout by locked stub

code in the editor

Sample Input :

```
5
1
2
3
4
5
1
```

Sample Output :

YES

Explanation :

Given the array -[1, 2, 3, 4, 5] we want to find the element 1 if it is present or not. We can find the element 1 at index 0. Therefore we print "YES"

Code :

```
import java.io.*;
import java.math.*;
import java.security.*;
import java.text.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.util.concurrent.*;
import java.util.function.*;
import java.util.regex.*;
import java.util.stream.*;

import static java.util.stream.Collectors.joining;
import static java.util.stream.Collectors.toList;

class Result {
/*
Complete the findNumber function below.

```

The function is expected to return a STRING.

The function accepts following parameters:

```
1. INTEGER ARRAY arr * 2. INTEGER k
*/
public static String findNumber (List<Integer> arr, int k) {

    // Write your code here
}

}
public class Solution{

    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {

        BufferedReader bufferedReader = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));

        BufferedWriter bufferedWriter = new BufferedWriter(new
FileWriter(System.getenv("OUTPUT_PATH")));

        int arrCount = Integer.parseInt(bufferedReader.readLine().trim());
```

```
List<Integer> arr = IntStream.range(e, arrCount).mapToObj (i -> {
try {
    return bufferedReader.readLine().replaceAll("\s+$", "");
} catch (IOException ex) {
    throw new RuntimeException(ex);
}
})

.map(String:: trim)
.map(Integer::parseInt)
.collect(Collectors.toList());

int k = Integer.parseInt(bufferedReader.readLine().trim());

String result = Result.findNumber (arr, k);

bufferedWriter.write(result); bufferedWriter.newLine();

bufferedReader.close();
bufferedWriter.close();
}
}
```